

Achieving GSPC Target 7 in a megadiverse country

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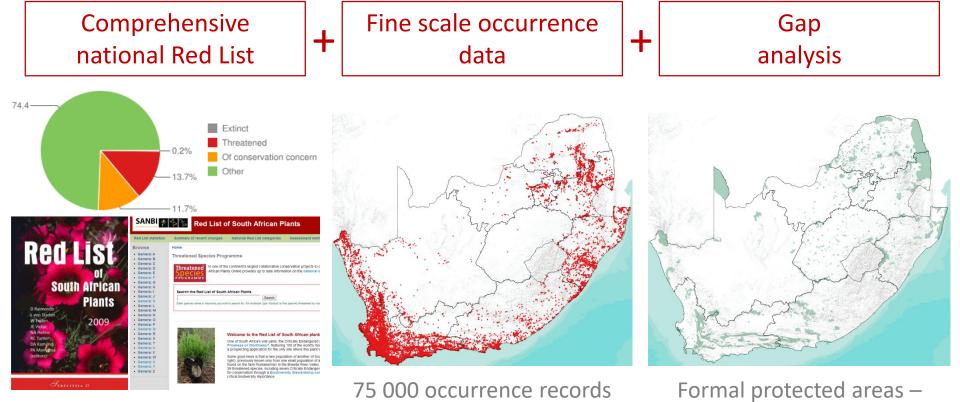






GSPC Target 7

At least 75% of known threatened plant species conserved in situ



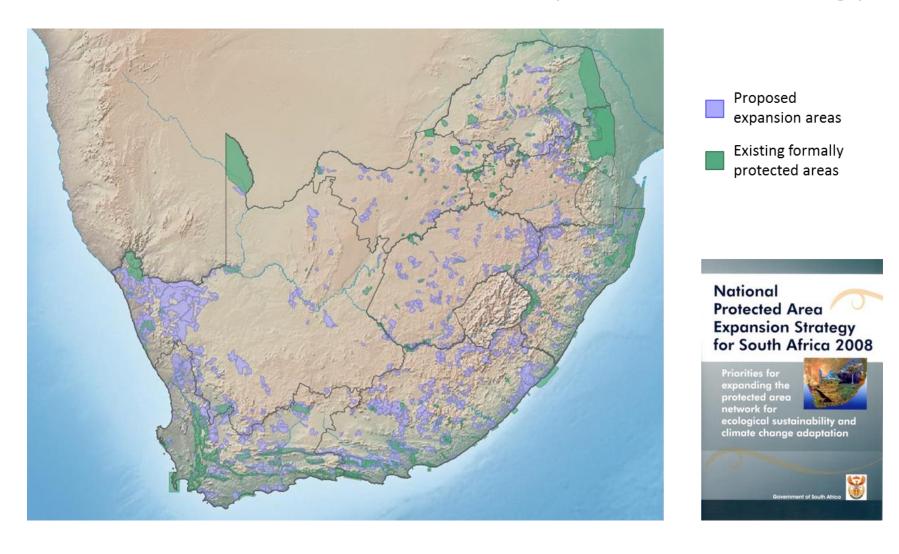
= at least one population of 65% of threatened species conserved in situ (in 2013)

from 43 sources

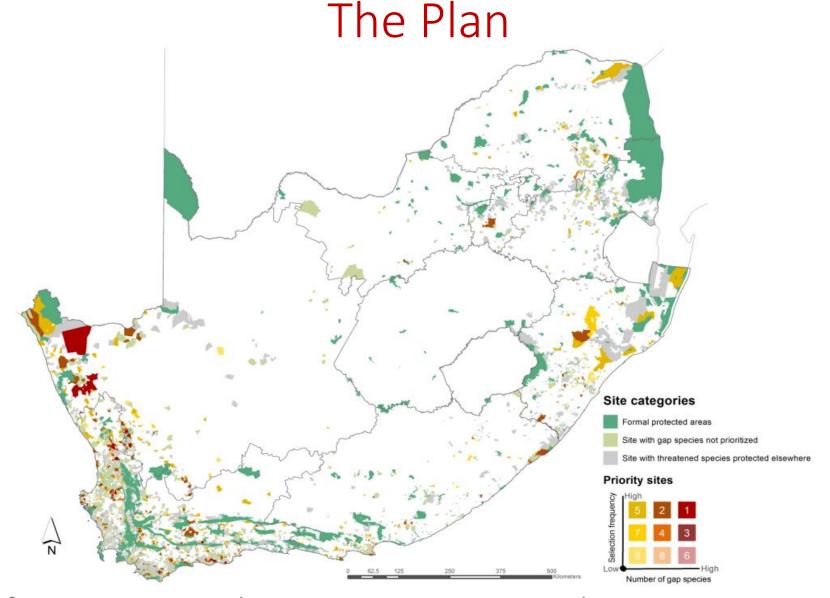
6.5% of terrestrial area

2842 threatened species

National Protected Area Expansion Strategy

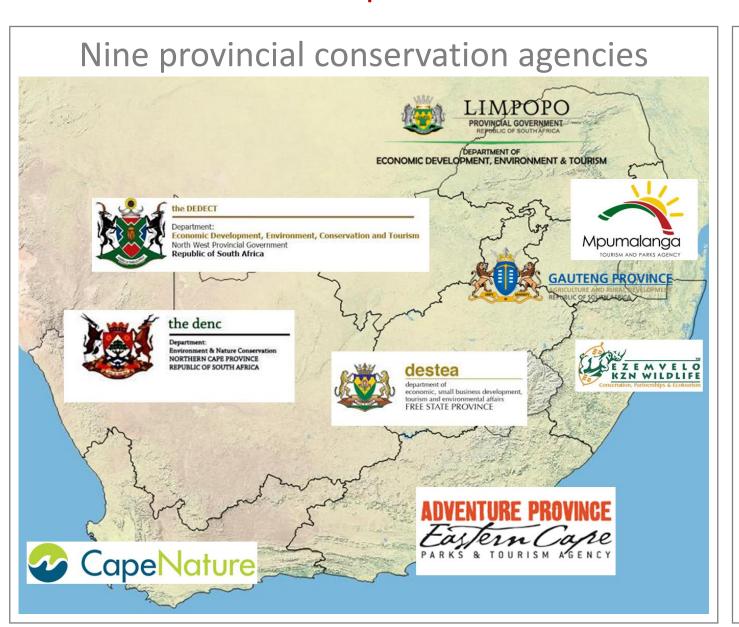


could secure in situ conservation for up to 74% of threatened species with the addition of 292 sites to existing protected area network



by focusing protected area expansion on sites where many gap species co-occur, Target 7 can be achieved with the addition of only **30 sites** to the existing protected area network

Implementation



Conservation NGOs

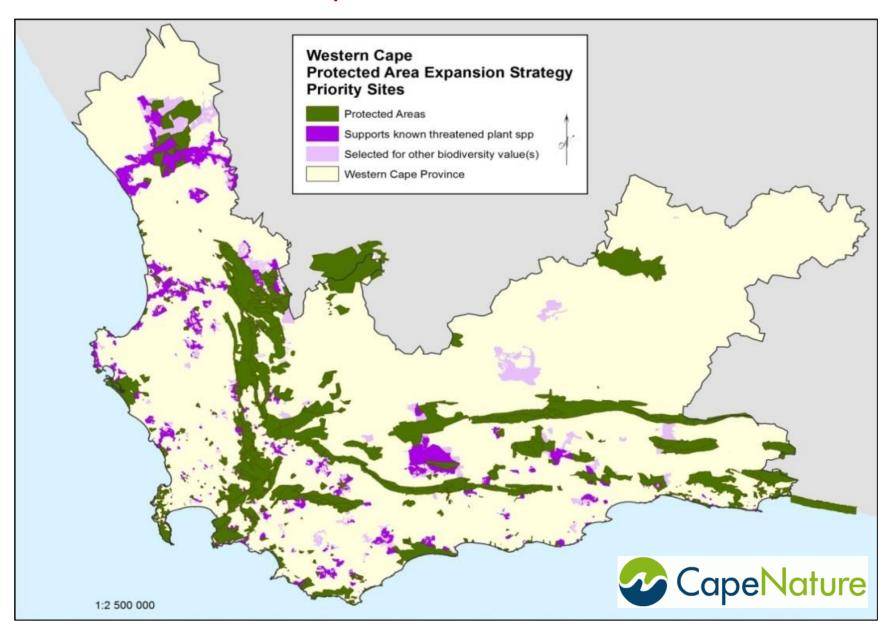
WORLD WILDLIFE FUND (WWF)



Leslie Hill Succulent Karoo Trust

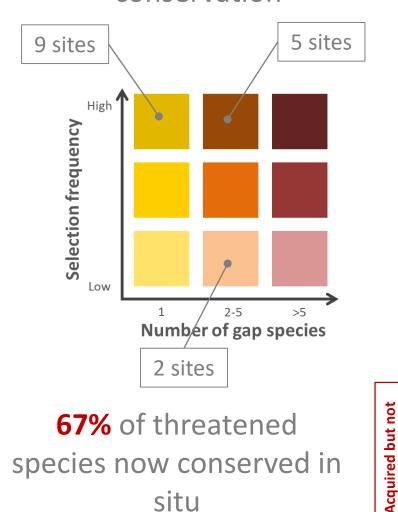


Implementation



Progress 2013-2018

16 priority sites secured for conservation



67% of threatened species now conserved in situ

Angle Ridge Secured

6 threatened species 1 gap species – site endemic Aloe condyae (VU)

Trans-Hex



progress

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effectively managed

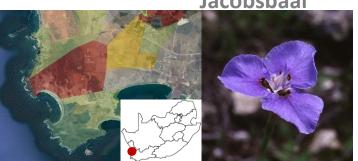
18 threatened species 3 gap species – 1 site endemic Polhillia obsoleta (EN)

Malmesbury Commonage



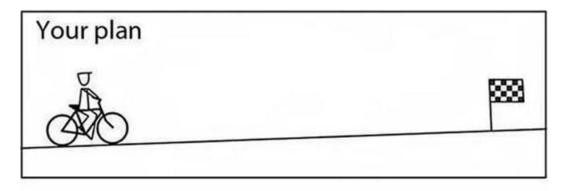
18 threatened species 3 gap species Geissorhiza malmesburiensis (CR)

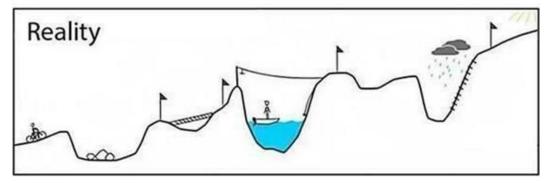
Jacobsbaai



50 threatened species, 7 gap species (#9 in top 30 sites) Moraea calcicola (EN)

Final Thoughts





Measuring progress on Target 7 is easy,
making progress is very difficult

- slow process of stewardship negotiations
- opportunistic implementation at available sites

It is one of the most important GSPC Targets for preventing plant species extinctions



Thank you